

Sesuvium portulacastrum Sea Purslane¹

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Introduction

Sea purslane is a native, herbaceous perennial found along the coasts of Florida (Fig. 1). It grows on the ocean side of the dunes down to the high tide mark. The thick, fleshy leaves are borne on succulent, reddish-green stems that branch regularly, forming dense stands close to the ground. Small, showy pink flowers are borne more or less continually throughout the year. Each flower opens for only a few hours each day. These plants help build the dunes by catching sand in between stems and leaves. The plant is closely related to the more familiar purslane commonly found in garden centers.



Figure 1. Sea purslane

General Information

of nurseries

Scientific name: Sesuvium portulacastrum Pronunciation: sess-SOO-vee-um por-too-luh-KASS-strum Common name(s): sea purslane Family: Portulaceae Plant type: herbaceous; ground cover USDA hardiness zones: 9 through 11 (Fig. 2) Planting month for zone 9: year round Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round Origin: native to Florida Uses: ground cover Availability: grown in small quantities by a small number



Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

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Description

Height: .5 to 1 feet Spread: depends upon supporting structure Plant habit: spreading Plant density: moderate Growth rate: moderate Texture: fine

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: opposite/subopposite Leaf type: simple Leaf margin: entire Leaf shape: linear Leaf venation: none, or difficult to see Leaf type and persistence: evergreen Leaf blade length: less than 2 inches Leaf color: green Fall color: no fall color change Fall characteristic: not showy

Flower

Flower color: pink Flower characteristic: year-round flowering

Fruit

Fruit shape: elongated Fruit length: less than .5 inch Fruit cover: dry or hard Fruit color: unknown Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: not applicable Current year stem/twig color: reddish Current year stem/twig thickness: thick

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in full sun Soil tolerances: acidic; alkaline; sand Drought tolerance: high Soil salt tolerances: good Plant spacing: 36 to 60 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding plant: plant has outstanding ornamental features and could be planted more Invasive potential: aggressive, spreading plant Pest resistance: no serious pests are normally seen on the plant

Use and Management

Sea purslane is best when planted as a ground cover in a sandy, well-drained soil in the full sun. Virtually no irrigation or fertilizer is needed once the plant is established in the landscape. In many ways it defines a low maintenance plant. It is resistant to the wind and salty air common along the coast. It is not suited for planting in the partial shade. It could be located in a sunny spot inland in a sandy soil, provided the soil drains well.

Pests and Diseases

No problems are associated with this plant if it is located in the full sun in a well-drained soil.